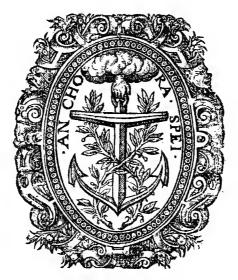


# LVCRECE.



LONDON

Printed by Richard Field, for Iohn Harrison, and are to be sold at the signe of the white Greyhound in Paules Churh-yard. 1594.

# TO THE RIGHT

HONOVRABLE, HENRY VVriothesley, Earle of Southhampton, and Baron of Titchfield.



HE loue I dedicate to your Lordship is without end: wherof this Pamphlet without beginning is but a superfluous Moity. The warrant I have of your Honourable disposition, not the worth of my vntutord

Lines makes it affured of acceptance. VVhat I have done is yours, what I have to doe is yours, being part in all I have, devoted yours. VVere my worth greater, my duety would shew greater, meane time, as it is, it is bound to your Lordship; To whom I wish long life still lengthned with all happinesse.

Your Lordships in all duery.

William Shakespeare.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Veius Tarquinius (for his excessive pride surnamed Superbus) after hee had caused his owne father in law Servius Tullius to be cruelly murdred, and contrarie to the Romaine lawes and customes, not requiring or staying for the peoples suffrages, had possessed himselfe of the kingdome: went accompanyed with bis sonnes and other Noble men of Rome, to besiege Ardea, during which siege, the principall men of the Army meeting one enening at the Tent of Sextus Tarquinius the Kings sonne, in their discourses after supper every one commended the vertues of his ownewife: among whom Colatinus extolled the incomparable chastity of his wife Lucretia. In that pleasant humor they all posted to Rome, and intending by theyr secret and sodaine arrivall to make triall of that which enery one had before anoughed, onely Colatinus finds his wife (though it were late in the night) spinning amongest her maides, the other Ladies were all found danneing and renelling, or in severall disports: whereupon the Noble men yeelded Colatinus the victory, and his wife the Fame. At that time Sextus Tarquinius being enflamed with Lucrece beauty, yet smoothering his passions for the present, departed with the rest backe to the Campe: from whence he shortly after privily. withdrew himselfe, and was (according to his estate) royally entertayned and ledged by Lucrece at Colatium. The same night, be tretcherouslie stealeth into her Chamber , violently rauisht her , and early in the morning speedeth away. Lucrece in this lamentable plight, hastily dispatcheth Messengers, one to Rome for her father, another to the Campe for Colatine. They came, the one accompanyed with lunius Brutus, the other with Publius Valerius: and finding Lucrece attired in mourning babite, demanded the cause of her sorrow. Shee first taking an oath of them for her revenge, reucaled the Actor, and whole maner of his dealing, and with all fodainely stabbed her selfe. Which done, with one confent they all vowed to roote out the whole hated family of the Tarquins: and bearing the dead body to Rome, Brutus acquainted the people with the door and manner of the vile deede: with a bitter inuelline against the tyranny of the King, wherewith the people were so moved, that with one consent and a general acclamation, the Torquins were all exiled, and the State government changed from Kings to Confuls.



# THE RAPE OF

LVCRECE.

FROM the belieged Ardea all in post,
Borne by the trustlesse wings of false desire, Lust-breathed Tarovin, leaues the Roman host, And to Colatium beares the lightlesse fire, Vyhich in pale embers hid, lurkes to aspire, And girdle with embracing flames, the wast Of COLATINES fair love, Lycrece the chast.

Hap'ly that name of chast, vnhap'ly set This batelesse edge on his keene appetite: VVhen COLATINE vnwisely did not let, To praise the cleare vnmatched red and white, VV hich triumpht in that skie of his delight: VVhere mortal stars as bright as heaues Beauties, VVith pure aspects did him peculiar dueties.

For he the night before in Tarquius Tent,
Vnlockt the treasure of his happie state:
VVhat priselesse wealth the heavens had him lent,
In the possession of his beauteous mate.
Reckning his fortune at such high proud rate,
That Kings might be espowsed to more same,
But King nor Peere to such a peerelesse dame.

O happinesse enioy'd but of a sew,
And if possest as soone decayed and done:
As is the mornings silver melting dew,
Against the golden splendour of the Sunne.
An expir'd date canceld ere well begunne.
Honour and Beautie in the owners armes,
Are weakelie fortrest from a world of harmes.

Beautie it selfe doth of it selfe perswade,
The eies of men without an Orator,
VVhat needeth then Apologies be made
To set forth that which is so singuler?
Or why is Colatine the publisher
Of that rich iewell he should keepe vnknown,
From the euish cares because it is his owne?
Perchance

Perchance his bost of Lucrece Souraigntie,
Suggested this proud issue of a King:
For by our eares our hearts of taynted be:
Perchance that enuie of so rich a thing
Brauing compare, disdainefully did sting (vant,
His high picht thoughts that meaner menshould
That golden hap which their superiors want.

40

47

50

54

56

But some vntimelie thought did instigate,
His all too timelesse speede if none of those,
His honor, his affaires, his friends, his state,
Neglected all, with swift intent he goes,
To quench the coale which in his liver glowes.
Orash false heate, wrapt in repentant cold,
Thy hastie spring still blasts and nere growes old.

VV ell was he welcom'd by the Romaine dame,
VV ell was he welcom'd by the Romaine dame,
VV ithin whose face Beautie and Vertue striued,
VV hich of them both should underprop her fame.
VV he Vertue brag'd, Beautie wold blush for shame,
VV hen Beautie bosted blushes, in despight
Vertue would staine that ore with siluer white.

B 2

But Beautie in that white entituled,
From Venus doues doth challenge that fairefield,
Then Vertue claimes from Beautie, Beauties red,
VVhich Vertue gaue the golden age, to guild
Their filuer cheekes, and cald it then their shield,
Teaching them thus to vse it in the fight,

V Vhe shame assaild, the red should feee the white.

This Herauldry in LVCRECE face was seene,
Argued by Beauties red and Vertues white,
Of eithers colour was the other Queene:
Prouing from worlds minority their right,
Yet their ambition makes them still to fight:
The soueraignty of either being so great,
That oft they interchange ech others seat.

This silent warre of Lillies and of Roses,
V hich TARQVIN vew'd in her faire faces field,
In their pure rankes his traytor eye encloses,
V here least betweene them both it should be kild.
The coward captine vanquished, doth yeeld
To those two Armies that would let him goe,
Rather then triumph in so false a foe.

Now

63

64

78

85

91

92

96

98

Now thinkes he that her husbands shallow tongue, The niggard prodigall that praised her so: In that high taske hath done her Beauty wrong. VVhich farre exceedes his barren skill to show. Therefore that praise which COLATINE doth owe, Inchaunted TARQVIN aunswers with surmise, In silent wonder of still gazing eyes.

This earthly fain& adored by this deuill, little suspecteththe false worshipper: "For vnstaind thoughts do seldom dream on euill. "Birds neuer lim'd, no secret bushes feare: So guiltlesse shee securely gives good cheare, And reverend welcome to her princely guest, VYhose inward ill no outward harme exprest.

For that he colourd with his high estate, Hiding base sin in pleats of Maiestie: That nothing in him feemd inordinate, Saue sometime too much wonder of his eye, VVhich having all, all could not fatisfie; But poorly rich so wanteth in his store, That cloy'd with much, he pineth still for more. В

But she that neuer cop't with straunger eies,
Could picke no meaning from their parling lookes,
Nor read the subtle shining secrecies,
VVrit in the glassie margents of such bookes,
Shee toucht no vnknown baits, nor feard no hooks,
Nor could shee moralize his wanton sight,
More then his eies were opend to the light.

Hestories to her eares her husbands same,
V Vonne in the fields of fruitfull Italie:
And decks with praises Colatines high name,
Made glorious by his manlie chiualrie,
V Vith bruised armes and wreathes of victorie,
Her ioie with heaued-vp hand she doth expresse,
And wordlesse so greetes heauen for his successe.

Far from the purpose of his comming thither,
He makes excuses for his being there,
No clowdie show of stormie blustring wether,
Doth yet in his faire welkin once appeare,
Till sable Night mother of dread and seare,
Vppon the world dim darknesse doth displaie,
And in her vaultie prison, stowes the daie.

For

99

103

105

106.

110

112

113

117

Ц9

124

126

127

131

Lille

124

138

140

#### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE

For then is Tarquine brought vnto his bed,
Intending wearinesse with heavie sprite:
For after supper long he questioned,
V Vith modest Lucrece, and wore out the night,
Now leaden slumber with lives strength doth fight,
And everie one to rest themselves betake,
Saue theeves, and cares, and troubled minds that
(wake.

As one of which doth Tarquin lie revoluing
The fundrie dangers of his wils obtaining:
Yet ever to obtaine his will resoluing. (ning
Though weake-built hopes perswade him to abstaiDispaire to gaine doth traffique oft for gaining,
And when great treasure is the meede proposed,
Though death be adiuct, ther's no death supposed.

Those that much couet are with gaine so fond,
That what they have not, that which they possesses
They seatter and vnloose it from their bond,
And so by hoping more they have but lesse,
Or gaining more, the profite of excesse
Is but to surfet, and such griefes sustaine,
That they prove backrout in this poore rich gain.

The ayme of all is but to nourse the life,
VV ith honor, wealth, and ease in waining age:
And in this ayme there is such thwarting strife,
That one for all, or all for one we gage:
As life for honour, in fell battailes rage,
Honor for wealth, and oft that wealth doth cost
The death of all, and altogether lost.

So that in ventring ill, we leave to be
The things we are, for that which we expect:
And this ambitious foule infirmitie,
In having much torments vs with defect
Of that we have: fo then we doe neglect
The thing we have, and all for want of wit,
Make something nothing, by augmenting it.

Such hazard now must doting TARQVIN make,
Pawning his honor to obtaine his lust,
And for himselse, himselse he must forsake.
Then where is truth if there be no selfe-trust?
VVhen shall he thinke to find a stranger just,
VVhen he himselse, himselse consounds, betraies,
To sclandrous tongues & wretched hateful daies?
Now

165

168

169

173

175

176.

180

182

#### THE RAPE OF LYCRECE.

Now stole uppon the time the dead of night,
VV hen heavie sleep had closd vp mortall eyes,
No comfortable starre did lend his light,
No noise but Owles, & wolves death-boding cries
Now serves the season that they may surprise

The fillie Lambes, pure thoughts are dead & still, VVhile Lust and Murder wakes to staine and kill

And now this lustfull Lord leapt from his bed,
Throwing his mantle rudely ore his arme,
Is madly tost between e desire and dred;
Th'one sweetely flatters, th'other feareth harme,
But honest feare, bewicht with lustes soule charme,
Doth too too oft betake him to retire,
Beaten away by brainesicke rude desire.

His Faulchon on a flint he softly smiteth,
That from the could stone sparkes of fire doe flie,
VV hereat a waxen torch forthwith he lighteth,
VV hich must be lodestarre to his lustfull eye.
And to the flame thus speakes aduised lie;
As from this cold flint I ensors this fire,

Solverece must lifere to my desire.

C

Here pale with feare he doth premeditate,
The daungers of his lothsome enterprise:
And in his inward mind he doth debate,
V V hat following sorrow may on this arise.
Then looking scornfully, he doth despise
His naked armour offtill slaughtered lust,
And justly thus controlls his thoughts vniust.

Faire torch burne out thy light, and lend it not
To darken her whose light excelleth thine:
And die vnhallowed thoughts, before you blot
V Vith your vncleannesse, that which is deuine:
Offer pure incense to so pure a shrine:
Let saire humanitie abhor the deede,
That spots & stains loues modest snow-white weed.

O shame to knighthood, and to shining Armes,
O soule dishonor to my houshoulds grave:
O impious act including all soule harmes.
A martiall man to be soft fancies slave,
True valour still a true respect should have,
Then my digression is so vile, so base,
That it will live engraven in my face.

Yea

208

210

211

215

217

218

222

224

#### THE RAPE OF LYCRECE

Yea though idie the scandale will surviue,
And be an eie sore in my golden coate:
Some lothsome dash the Herrald will contriue,
To cipher me how sondlie i did dote:
That my posteritie sham'd with the note
Shall curse my bones, and hold it for no sinne,
To wish that I their father had not beene.

VVhat win I if I gaine the thing I seeke?

A dreame, a breath, a froth of sleeting ioy.

VVho buies a minutes mirth to waile a weeke?

Or sels eternitie to get a toy?

For one sweete grape who will the vine destroy?

Or what fond begger, but to touch the crowne,

VVould with the scepter straight be stroke down?

If COLATINUS dreame of my intent,
VVill he not wake, and in a desp'rate rage
Post hither, this vile purpose to preuent?
This siege that hath ingirt his marriage,
This blur to youth, this forrow to the sage,
This dying vertue, this suruiuing shame,
VVhose crime will be are an euer during blame.

 $C_2$ 

O what excuse can my inuention make
VVhen thou shalt charge me with so blacke a deed?
VVil not my tongue be mute, my fraile ioints shake?
Mine cies forgo their light, my false hart bleede?
The guilt beeing great, the seare doth still exceede;
And extreme seare can neither sight nor slie,
But cowardlike with trembling terror die.

Had COLATINVS kild my sonne or sire,
Or laine in ambush to betray my life,
Or were he not my deare friend, this desire
Might haue excuse to worke vppon his wife:
As in reuenge or quittall of such strife.
But as he is my kinsman, my deare sriend,
The shame and fault finds no excuse nor end.

Shamefullitis: I, if the fact be knowne,
Hatefullitis: there is no hate in louing,
Ile beg her loue: but she is not her owne:
The worst is but denial and reproouing.
My will is strong past reasons weake remooning:
VVho feares a sentence or an old mans saw,

VVho feares a fentence or an old mans faw,
Shall by a painted cloth be kept in awe.

Thus

225

229

231

232

236

238

239

243

245.

250

252

253

257

259

260

264

266

# THE RAPE OF LYCRECE.

Thus gracelesse holds he disputation,
Tweene frozen conscience and hot burning will,
And with good thoughts makes dispensation,
Vrging the worser sence for vantage still.
VVhich in a moment doth consound and kill
All pure effects, and doth so farre proceede,
That what is vile, shewes like a vertuous deede.

Quoth he, shee tooke me kindlie by the hand, And gaz'd for tidings in my eager eyes, Fearing some hard newes from the warlike band, VVhere her beloued COLATINVS lies. Ohow her seare did make her colour rise! First red as Roses that on Lawne we laie, Then white as Lawne the Roses tooke awaie.

And how her hand in my hand being lockt,
Forst it to tremble with her loyall seare:
V Vhich strooke her sad, and then it safter rockt,
Vntill her husbands welfare sheedid heare.
V Vhereat shee smiled with so sweete a cheare,
That had NARCISSVS seene her as shee stood,
Selfe-loue had neuer drown'd him in the flood.

 $C_3$ 

VV hy hunt I then for colour or excuses.

All Orators are dumbe when Beautie pleadeth,

Poore wretches haue remorse in poore abuses,

Loue thriues not in the hart that shadows dreadeth,

Affection is my Captaine and he leadeth.

And when his gaudie banner is displaide.

And when his gaudie banner is displaide, The coward fights, and will not be dismaide.

Then childish feare auaunt, debating die,
Respect and reason waite on wrinckled age:
My heart shall neuer countermand mine eie;
Sad pause, and deepe regard beseemes the sage,
My part is youth and beates these from the stage.

Desire my Pilot is, Beautie my prise, Then who feares sinking where such treasure lies?

As corne ore-growne by weedes: so heedfull seare
Is almost choakt by varefisted lust:
Away he steales with open listning eare,
Full of soule hope, and full of sond mistrust:
Both which as seruitors to the value,

So crosse him with their opposit perswasion, That now he vowes a league, and now inuasion.

VVith-

267

271

273

274

278

280

281

285

VVithin his thought her heauenly image fits,
And in the felfe fame feat fits Colatine,
That eye which lookes on her confounds his wits,
That eye which him beholdes, as more deuine,
Vnto a view fo false will not incline;
But with a pure appeale seekes to the heart,
VVhich once corrupted takes the worser part.

And therein heartens vp his seruile powers,
VVho flattred by their leaders iocound show,
Stuffe vp his lust: as minutes fill vp howres.
And as their Captaine: so their pride doth grow,
Paying more slauish tribute then they owe.
By reprobate desire thus madly led,
The Romane Lord marcheth to Lycrece bed.

The lockes betweene her chamber and his will,
Ech one by him inforst retires his ward:
But as they open they all rate his ill,
V Vhich drives the creeping theese to some regard,
The threshold grates the doore to have him heard,
Night-wandring weezels shreek to see him there.
They fright him, yet he still pursues his seare.

As each vnwilling portall yeelds him way, Through little vents and cranies of the place, The wind warres with his torch, to make him staie, And blowes the smoake of it into his face. Extinguishing his conduct in this case. But his hot heart, which fond desire doth scorch,

Puffes forth another wind that fires the torch.

And being lighted, by the light he spies LVCRECIAS glove, wherein her needle sticks, He takes it from the rushes where it lies, And griping it, the needle his finger pricks. As who should say, this gloue to wanton trickes Is not inur'd; returne againe in hast, Thou feelt our mistresse ornaments are chast.

But all these poore forbiddings could not stay him, He in the worst sence consters their denials: The dores, the wind, the gloue that did delay him, He takes for accidentall things of triall. Or as those bars which stop the housely diall, VVho with a lingring staie his course doth let, Till euerie minute payes the howre his debt.

So

309

3*i*3

315

316

320

322

323

327

So so, quothhe, these lets attend the time, Like little frosts that sometime threat the spring, To ada more reioyling to the prime, And give the ineaped birds more cause to fing. Pain payes the income of ech precious thing, (fands Huge rocks, high winds, strong pirats, shelues and The marchant feares, ere rich at home he lands.

Now is he come vnto the chamber dore, That shurs him from the Heauen of his thought, VVhich with a yeelding latch, and with no more, Hath bard him from the bleffed thing he fought. So from himselfe impiety hath wrought, That for his pray to pray he doth begin, As if the Heavens should countenance his sin-

But in the midst of his vnfruitfull prayer, Hauing solicited th'eternall power, That his foule thoughts might copasse his fair faire, And they would stand auspicious to the howre. Euen there he starts, quoth he, I must deflowre; The powers to whom I pray abhor this fact, How can they then affift me in the act?

330

334

336

337

341

343

344

348

Then Loue and Fortune be my Gods, my guide,
My will is backt with resolution:
Thoughts are but dreames till their effects be tried,
The blackest sinne is clear'd with absolution.
Against loues fire, feares frost hath dissolution.
The eye of Heauen is out, and missie night
Couers the shame that followes sweet delight.

This faid, his guiltie hand pluckt vp the latch,
And with his knee the dore he opens wide,
The doue fleeps fast that this night. Owle will catch.
Thus treason workes ere traitors be espied.
VV ho sees the lurking serpent steppes aside;
But shee sound sleeping fearing no such thing,
Lies at the mercie of his mortal string.

Into the chamber wickedliche stalkes,
And gazeth on her yet vostained bed:
The curtaines being close, about he walkes,
Rowling his greedie eye-bals in his head.
By their high treason is his heart missed,
V V hich gives the watch-word to his hand sul soon,
To draw the clowd that hides the silver Moon.

Looke

### THE RAPE OF LV CRECE.

Looke as the faire and fierie pointed Sunne,
Rushing from forth a cloud, bereaues our sight:
Euen so the Curtaine drawne, his eyes begun
To winke, being blinded with a greater light.
VVhether it is that shee reflects so bright,
That dazleth them, or else some shame supposed,
But blind they are, and keep themselues inclosed.

Ohad they in that darkesome prison died,
Then had they seene the period of their ill:
Then COLATINE agains by LVCRECE side,
In his cleare bed might have reposed still.
But they must ope this blessed league to kill,
And holie-thoughted LVCRECE to their sight,
Must sell her ioy, her life, her worlds delight.

Her lilliehand, her rosse cheeke lies vnder,
Coosning the pillow of a lawfull kisse:
VVho therefore angrie seemes to part in sunder,
Swelling on either side to want his blisse.
Betweene whose hils her head intombed is;
VVhere like a vertuous Monument shee lies,
To be admir d of lewd vnhallowed eyes.

D 2

VVithout the bed her other faire hand was,
On the greene couerlet whose perfect white
Showed like an Aprill dazie on the grasse,
VVith pearlie swet resembling dew of night.
Her eyes like Marigolds had sheath d their light,
And canopied in darkenesse sweetly lay,
Till they might open to adorne the day.

Her haire like golde threeds playd with her breath,
O modest wantons, wanton modestie!
Showing lifes triumph in the map of death,
And deaths dim looke in lifes mortalitie.
Ech inher sleepe themselues so beautisse,
As if betweene them twaine there were no strife,
But that life liu'd in death; and death in life.

Her breasts like luory globes circled with blew,
A paire of maiden worlds vnconquered,
Saue of their Lord, no bearing yoke they knew,
And him by oath they truely honored.
These worlds in Tarquin new ambition bred,
VVho like a fowle vsurper went about,
From this faire throne to heaue the owner out.

**VVhat** 

3

418

420

421

425

327

128

432

434

#### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE

VVhat could be see but mightily be noted? V Vhat did he note, but strongly he desired? VV hat he beheld, on that he firmely doted, And in his will his wilfull eye he tyred. VVith more then admiration he admired Her azure vaines, her alablaster skinne, Her corall lips, her snow-white dimpled chin.

As the grim Lion fawnethore his pray, Sharpe hunger by the conquest satisfied: So ore this fleeping soule doth TARQVIN stay, His rage of lust by gazing qualified; Slakt, not supprest, for standing by her side, His eye which late this mutiny restraines, Vnto a greater vprore tempts his vaines.

And they like stragling slaues for pillage fighting, Obdurate vassals fell exploits effecting, In bloudy death and rauilhment delighting; Nor childrens tears nor mothers grones respecting, Swell in their pride, the onfet still expecting:

Anon his bearing heart allarum striking, Gives the hot charge, & bids the do their liking.

 $D_3$ 

His drumming heart cheares vp his burning eye,
His eye commends the leading to his hand;
His hand as proud of fuch a dignitie,
Smoaking with pride, marcht on, to make his stand
On her bare brest, the heart of all her land;
VVhose ranks of blew vains as his hand did scale.

Lest their round turrets destitute and pale.

They mustring to the quiet Cabinet,
VVhere their deare gouernesse and ladie lies,
Do tell her shee is dreadfullie beset,
And fright her with confusion of their cries.
Shee much amaz'd breakes ope her lockt vp eyes,
VVho peeping foorth this tumult to behold,
Are by his slaming torch dim'd and controld.

Imagine her as one in dead of night,
From forth dull fleepe by dreadfull fancie waking,
That thinkes shee hath beheld some gastlie sprite,
VVhose grim aspect sets euerie ioint a shaking,
VVhat terror tis: but shee in worser taking,
From sleepe disturbed, heedfullie doth view
The sight which makes supposed terror trew.
VVrapt

#### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE.

VVrapt and confounded in a thousand seares,
Like to a new kild bird shee trembling lies:
Shee dares not looke, yetwinking there appeares
Quicke-shifting Antiques vglie in her eyes.
"Such shadowes are the weake-brains forgeries,
VVho angrie that the eyes slie from their lights,
In darknes daunts the with more dreadfull sights.

His hand that yetremaines vppon her brest,
(Rude Ram to batter such an Iuorie wall:)
May feele her heart (poore Cittizen) distrest,
V ounding it selfe to death, rise vp and fall;
Beating her bulke, that his hand shakes withall.
This moues in him more rage and lesser pittie,
To make the breach and enter this sweet Citty.

First like a Trompet doth his tongue begin,
To sound a parlie to his heartlesse foe,
VVho ore the white sheet peers her whiter chin,
The reason of this rash allarme to know,
VVhich he by dum demeanor seekes to show.
But shee with vehement prayers vrgethstill,
Vnder what colour he commits this ill.

Thus he replies, the colour in thy face,
That even for anger makes the Lilly pale,
And the red rose blush at her owne disgrace,
Shall plead for me and tell my louing tale.
Vnder that colour am I come to scale

Thy neuer conquered Fort, the fault is thine, For those thine eyes betray thee vnto mine.

÷81

<del>48</del>3

484

488

490

491

495

497

Thus I forestall thee, if thou meane to chide,
Thy beauty hath ensured thee to this night,
VVhere thou with patience must my will abide,
My will that markes thee for my earths delight,
VVhich I to conquer sought with all my might.

Put as reproclessed and reason bearinged.

But as reproofe and reason beat it dead, By thy bright beautie was it newlie bred.

I fee what crosses my attempt will bring,
I know what thornes the growing rose defends,
I thinke the honie garded with a sting,
All this before-hand counsell comprehends.
But VVill is dease, and hears no heedfull friends,
Onely he hath an eye to gaze on Beautie,

And dotes on whathe looks, gainst law or duety.

I have debated even in my soule, VVhat wrong, what shame, what sorrow I shal breed, But nothing can affections course controull, Or stop the headlong furie of his speed. Iknow repentant teares insewe the deed, Reproch, disdaine, and deadly enmity, Yet striue I to em brace mine infamy.

This said, hee shakes aloft his Romaine blade, VYhich like a Faulcon towring in the skies, Cowcheth the fowle below with his wings sha de, V V hose crooked beake threats, if he mount he dies. So vnder his infulting Fauchion lies

Harmelesse LVCRETIA marking what he tels, V Vith trembling feare: as fowl hear Faulcos bels.

LVCRECE, quoth he, this night I must enion thee, If thou deny, then force must worke my way: For in thy bed I purpose to destroic thec. That done, some worthlesse slave of thine ile slav. To kill thine Honour with thy lives decaie. And in thy dead armes do I meane to place him,

Swearing I flue him feeing thee imbrace him.

498

50Z

504

*505* 

509

511

512

516

So thy furniting husband shall remaine
The scornefull marke of eueric open eye,
Thy kinsmen hang their heads at this distaine,
Thy issue blurd with namelesse bastardie;
And thou the author of their obloquie,
Shalt haue thy trespasse cited vp in rimes,
And sung by children in succeeding times.

But if thou yeeld, I rest thy secret friend,
The fault vnknowne, is as a thought vnacted,
"A little harme done to a great good end,
For lawfull pollicie remaines enacted.

The poyfonous simple sometime is compacted In a pure compound; being so applied, His venome in effect is purified.

Then for thy husband and thy childrens fake,
Tender my fuite, bequeath not to their lot
The shame that from them no double can take,
The blemish that will neuer be forgot:
VVorse then a slauish wipe, or birth howrs blot,
For markes discried in mens nativitie,
Are natures faultes, not their owne infamie.

Here

519

523

525

526

**53**0

*5*32

533

Here with a Cockeatrice dead killing eye,
He rowfeth vp himfelfe, and makes a paule,
V Vhile shee the picture of pure pietie,
Like a white Hinde vnder the grype. sharpe clawes,
Pleades in a wildernesse where are no lawes,

To the rough beast, that knowes no gentle right, Nor ought obayes but his fowle appetite.

But when a black-fac'd clowd the world doth thret, In his dim mist th'aspiring mountaines hiding: From earths dark-womb, some gentle gust doth get, V hich blow these pitchie vapours fro their biding: Hindring their present fall by this deuiding.

So his vnhallowed hast her words delayes, And moodie Pevro winks while Orpheus playes.

Yet fowle night-waking Cat he doth but dallie, V Vhile in his hold-fast foot the weak mouse pareth, Her sad behausour feedes his vulture sollie, A swallowing gulfe that even in plentie wanteth. His eare her prayers admits, but his heart granteth

No penetrable entrance to her playning,

Tears harden lust though marble were with ray
E 2 (ning.

540

544

546

547

551

553

5**5£** 

558

Her pittie-pleading eyes are sadlie fixed
In the remorselesse wrinckles of his face.
Her modest eloquence with sighes is mixed,
V vhich to her Oratorie addes more grace.
Shee puts the period often from his place,
And midst the sentence so her accent breakes,
That twise she doth begin ere once she speakes.

She coniures him by high Almightie Ioue,
By knighthood, gentrie, and sweete friendships oth,
By her vntimely teares, her husbands loue,
By holie humaine law, and common troth,
By Heauen and Earth, and all the power of both:
That to his borrowed bed he make retire,
And stoope to Honor, not to fowle defire.

Quoth shee, reward not Hospitalitie,
VVith such black payment, as thou hast pretended,
Mudde not the fountaine that gaue drinke to thee,
Mar not the thing that cannot be amended.
End thy ill ayme, before thy shoote be ended.
He is no wood-man that doth bend his bow,

He is no wood-man that doth bend his bow, To strike a poore vnseasonable Doe.

My.

561

565

567

568

*574* 

575

579

My husband is thy friend, for his fake spare me,
Thy selfe art mightie, for thine own sake leaue me:
My selfe a weakling, do not then insuare me.
Thou look'st not like deceipt, do not deceiue me.
My sighes like whirlewindes labor hence to heaue
If euer man were mou'd with womas mones, (thee:
Be moued with my teares, my sighes, my grones.

All which together like a troubled Ocean,
Beat at thy rockie, and wracke-threatning heart,
To soften it with their continual motion:
For stones dissoluted to water do conuert.
Oif no harder then a stone thou art,
Melt at my teares and be compassionate,
Soft pittie enters at an iron gate.

In TAR QVINS likenesse I did entertaine thee,
Hast thou put on his shape, to do him shame?
To all the Host of Heauen I complaine me.
Thou wrongst his honor, woudst his princely name:
Thou art not what thou seem'st, and if the same,
Thou seem'st not what thou art, a God, a King;
For kings like Gods should gouerne enery thing.

E 3

582

58G

588

589

593

595

596

600

How will thy shame be seeded in thine age
V Vhen thus thy vices bud before thy spring?
If in thy hope thou darst do such outrage,
V Vhat dar'st thou not when once thou art a King?
O be remembred, no outragious thing
From vassall actors can be wipt away,
Then Kings misdeedes cannot be hid in clay.

This deede will make thee only lou'd for feare,
But happie Monarchs still are feard for loue:
VVith fowle offendors thou perforce must beare,
VVhen they in thee the like offences proue;
If but for feare of this, thy will remoue.

For Princes are the glasse, the schoole, the booke, VVhere subjects eies do learn, do read, do looke.

And wilt thou be the schoole where lust shall learne?

Must be in thee read lectures of such shame?

Vilt thou be glasse wherein it shall discerne

Authoritie for sinne, warrant for blame?

To priviledge dishonor in thy name.

Thou backst reproch against long-liuing lawd, And mak'st faire reputation but a bawd.

Halt

603

607

60t\*

610

614

616

617

621

Hast thou commaund? by him that gaue it thee
From a pure heart commaund thy rebell will:
Draw not thy sword to gard iniquitie,
For it was lent thee all that broode to kill.
Thy Princelie office how canst thou sulfill?
Y Vhen patternd by thy fault fowle sin may say,
Helearnd to sin, and thou didst teach the way.

Thinke but how vile a spectacle it were,
To view thy present trespasse in another:
Mens faults do seldome to themselues appeare,
Their own transgressions partiallie they smother,
This guilt would seem death-worthie in thy brother.
O how are they wrapt in with infamics,

That fro their own misdeeds askaunce their eyes?

To thee, to thee, my heau'd vp hands appeale,
Not to seducing lust thy rash relier:
I sue for exil'd maiesties repeale,
Let him returne, and stattring thoughts retire.
His true respect will prison salse desire,
And wipe the dim mist from thy doting eien,
That thoushalt see thy state, and pittie mine.

Haue done, quoth he, my vncontrolled tide Turnes not, but swels the higher by this let. Small lightes are soone blown out, huge fires abide, And with the winde in greater furie fret: The petty streames that paie a dailie det To their falt soueraigne with their fresh fals hast,

Adde to his flowe, but alter not his tast.

Thou art, quoth shee, a sca, a soueraigne King, And loe there fals into thy boundlesse flood, Blacke lust, dishonor, shame, mis-gouerning, VVho seeke to staine the Ocean of thy blood. If all these pettie ils shall change thy good,

Thy fea within a puddels wombe is herfed, And not the puddle in thy sea dispersed.

So shall these slaues be King, and thou their slaue, Thou noblie base, they baselie dignissed: Thoutheir faire life, and they thy fowler graue: Thou lothed in their shame, they in thy pride, The lesser thing should not the greater hide.

The Cedar stoopes not to the base shrubs soote, But low-shrubs wither at the Cedars roote.

So

645

649

651

6.52

656

658

659

663

### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE.

So let thy thoughts low vassals to thy state,
No more quoth he, by Heauen I will not heare thee.
Yeeld to my loue, if not inforced hate,
In steed of loues coy tutch shall rudelie teare thee.
That done, despitefullie I meane to beare thee
Vnto the base bed of some rascall groome,
To be thy partner in this shamefull doome.

This faid, he fets his foote vppon the light,
For light and lust are deadlie enemies,
Shame folded vp in blind concealing night,
V hen most vnseene, then most doth tyrannize.
The wolfe hath ceazed his pray, the poor lamb cries,
Till with her own white sleece her voice controld,
Intombes her outcrie in her lips sweet fold.

For with the nightlie linnen that shee weares,
He pens her piteous clamors in her head,
Cooling his hot face in the chastest teares,
That euer modest eyes with sorrow shed.
Othat prone lust should staine so pure a bed,
The spots whereof could weeping purisie,
Her tears should drop on them perpetuallie.

F

But shee hath lost a dearer thing then life,
And he hath wonne what he would loose againe
This forced league doth force a further strife,
This momentarie ioy breeds months of paine,
This hot desire converts to colde disdaine;
Pure chastitie is risled of her store,
And lust the theese farre poorer then before.

Looke as the full-fed Hound, or gorged Hawke,
Vnapt for tender smell, or speedie slight,
Make slow pursuite, or altogether bauk,
The praie wherein by nature they delight:
So surfet-taking TARQVIN fares this night:
His tast delicious, in digestion sowring,
Deuoures his will that liu'd by sowle deuouring.

O deeper sinne then bottomlesse conceit
Can comprehend in still imagination!
Drunken Desire must vomite his receipt
Ere he can see his owne abhomination.
V Vhile Lust is in his pride no exclamation
Can curbe his heat, or reine his rash desire,
Till like a lade, self-will himselfe doth tire.

And

712

714

715

719

721

722

726

728

#### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE.

And then with lanke, and leane discolourd cheeke, VVith heavie eye, knit-brow, and strengthlesse pace, Feeble desire all recreant, poore and meeke, Like to a banckrout begger wailes his cace: The stesh being proud, Desire doth fight with grace; For there it reuels, and when that decaies, The guiltie rebell sorremission praies.

So fares it with this fault-full Lord of Rome, VYho this accomplishment so hotly chased, For now against himselfe he sounds this doome, That through the length of times he stads disgraced: Besides his soules faire temple is desaced, To whose weake ruines muster troopes of cares, To aske the spotted Princesse how she fares.

Shee fayes her subiects with fowle insurrection,
Haue batterd downe her consecrated wall,
And by their mortall fault brought in subiection
Her immortalitie, and made her thrall,
To living death and payne perpetuall.

VVlich in her prescience shee controlled still,
Buther foresight could not forestall their will.

F 2

Eun in this thought through the dark-night he stea-A captine victor that hath lost in gaine, (leth, Bearing away the wound that nothing healeth, The scarre that will dispight of Cure remaine, Leauing his spoile perplext in greater paine. Shee beares the lode of lust he left behinde,

And he the burthen of a guiltie minde.

Hee like a thecuish dog creeps sadly thence, Shee like a wearied Lambe lies panting there, He scowles and hates himselfe for his offence, Shee desperat with her nailes her flesh doth teare. He faintly flies sweating with guiltie feare; Shee staies exclayming on the direfull night, He runnes and chides his vanisht loth'd delight.

He thence departs a heavy convertite, Shee there remaines a hopelesse cast-away, He in his speed lookes for the morning light: Shee prayes shee neuer may behold the day. For daie, quoth shee, nights scapes doth open lay, And my true eyes have never practized how To cloake offences with a cunning brow.

They

729

733

735

736

740

742

743

747

754

756

757

761

763

764

768

770

#### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE

They thinke not but that eueric eye can see,
The same disgrace which they theinsclues behold:
And therefore would they still in darkenesse be,
To have their vnseene sinne remaine vntold.
For they their guilt with weeping will vnfold,
And grave like water that doth eate in steele,
Vppon my cheeks, what helpelesse shame I feele.

Here shee exclaimes against repose and rest,
And bids her eyes hereafter still be blinde,
Shee wakes her heart by beating on her brest,
And bids it leape from thence, where it maie finde
Some purer chest, to close so pure a minde.
Franticke with griese thus breaths shee forth her
Against the vnseene secrecie of night. (spite,

O comfort-killing night, image of Hell,
Dim register, and notarie of shame,
Blacke stage for tragedies, and murthers fell,
Vast sin-concealing Chaos, nourse of blame.
Blinde mussled bawd, darke harber for defame,
Grim caue of death, whispring conspirator,
VVith close-tong d treason & the rauisher.

F 3

771

775

777

778

782

784

785

789

79<u>1</u>

O hatefull, vaporous, and foggy night,
Since thou art guilty of my cureleffe crime:
Muster thy mists to meete the Easterne light,
Make war against proportion'd course of time.
Or if thou wilt permit the Sunne to clime
His wonted height, yet ere he go to bed,
Knit poysonous clouds about his golden head.

VVith rotten damps rauish the morning aire,
Let their exhald vnholdsome breaths make sicke
The life of puritie, the supreme faire,
Ere he arrive his wearie noone-tide pricke,
And let thy mustie vapours march so thicke,
That in their smoakie rankes, his smothred light
May set at noone, and make perpetuall night.

VVere TARQVIN night, as he is but nights child, The filuer shining Queene he would distaine; Her twinckling handmaids to (by him defil'd) Through nights black bosom shuld not peep again. So should I have copartners in my paine,

And fellowship in woe doth woe asswage,
As Palmers chat makes short their pilgrimage.

VVhere

#### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE

VVhere now I have no one to blush with me,
To crosse their armes & hang their heads with mine,
To maske their browes and hide their infamie,
But I alone, alone must sit and pine,
Seasoning the earth with showres of silver brine;
Mingling my talk with tears, my greef with grones,
Poore wasting monuments of lasting mones.

Onight thou furnace of fowle recking smoke!
Let not the lealous daie behold that face,
V V hich underneath thy blacke all-hiding cloke
Immodeltly lies martird with disgrace.
Keepe still possession of thy gloomy place,
That all the faults which in thy raigne are made,
May likewise be sepulcherd in thy shade.

Make me not obiect to the tell-tale day,
The light will shew characterd in my brow,
The storie of sweete chastities decay,
The impious breach of holy wedlocke vowe.
Yea the illiterate that know not how
To cipher what is writ in learned bookes,
Vill cotemy lothsome trespasse in my lookes.

The nourse to still her child will tell my storie,
And fright her crying babe with TARQVINS name.
The Orator to decke his oratorie,
VVill couple my reproch to TARQVINS shame.
Feast-finding minstrels tuning my defame,
VVill tie the hearers to attend ech line,
How TARQVIN wronged me, I COLATINE.

Let my good name, that sencelesse reputation,
For Colatines deare love be kept vnspotted:
If that be made a theame for disputation,
The branches of another roote are rotted;
And vndeseru'd reproch to him alotted,
That is as cleare from this attaint of mine,
As I ere this was pure to Colatine.

O vnseene shame, inuisible disgrace,
O vnselt sore, crest-wounding privat scarre!
Reproch is stampt in Colatinus face,
And Tarquins eye maie read the mot a farre,
"How he in peace is wounded not in warre.
"Alas how manie beare such tham esfull blowes,
V hich not the selues but he that gives the knowes.

If

## THE RAPE OF LVCRECE.

If COLATINE, thine honor laie in me,
From me by strong assault it is bereft:
My Honnie lost, and I a Drone-like Bee,
Haue no perfection of my sommer lest,
But rob'd and ransak't by iniurious thest.
In thy weake Hiue a wandring waspe hath crept,
And suck't the Honnie which thy chast Bee kept.

Yet am I guiltie of thy Honors wracke,
Yet for thy Honor did I entertaine him,
Comming from thee I could not put him backe:
For it had beene dishonor to disdaine him,
Besides of wearinesse he did complaine him,
And talk't of Vertue (O vnlook't for euill,)
VVhen Vertue is prophan'd in such a Deuill.

VVhy should the worme intrude the maiden bud?
Or hatefull Kuckcowes hatch in Sparrows nests?
Or Todes infect faire sounts with venome mud?
Or tyrant follie lurke in gentle brests?
Or Kings be breakers of their owne behestes?
"But no perfection is so absolute,
That some impuritie doth not pollute.

### THE RAPE OF LYCRECE,

855

859

861

862

866

868

869

873

875

The aged man that coffers vp his gold,
Is plagu'd with cramps, and gouts, and painefull fits,
And scarce hath eyes his treasure to behold,
But like still pining TANTALVS he sits,
And velesse barnes the haruest of his wits:
Hauing no other pleasure of his gaine,
But torment that it cannot cure his paine.

So then he hath it when he cannot vie it,
And leaves it to be maistred by his yong:
V Vho in their pride do presently abuse it,
Their father was too weake, and they too strong
To hold their cursed-blessed Fortune long.

"The sweets we wish for, turne to lothed sowrs,

"Euen in the moment that we call them ours.

Vnruly blasts wait on the tender spring,
Vnholsome weeds take roote with precious flowrs,
The Adder hisses where the sweete birds sing,
V hat Vertue breedes Iniquity denours:
V.Ve haue no good that we can say is ours,
But ill annexed opportunity
Orkils his life, or else his quality.

880

882

883

887

889

890

8:44

896

#### THE RAPE OF LYCRECE

O opportunity thy guilt is great,
Tis thoughat execut it the traytors treason:
Thou sets the wolfe where he the lambe may get,
V ho ever plots the sinne thou points the season.
Tis thou that spurn's at right, at law, at reason,
And in thy shadie Cell where none may spie him,
Sits sin to ceaze the soules that wander by him.

Thou makest the vestall violate her oath,
Thou blowest the fire when temperance is thawd,
Thou smotherst honestie, thou murthrest troth,
Thou sowle abbettor, thou notorious bawd,
Thou plantest scandall, and displacest lawd.
Thou rauisher, thou traytor, thou salse theese
Thy honie turnes to gall, thy ioy to greefe.

Thy fecret pleasure turnes to open shame,
Thy private feasting to a publicke fast,
Thy smoothing titles to a ragged name,
Thy sugged tongue to bitter wormwood tast,
Thy violent vanities can neuer last,
How comes it then, vile opportunity
Being so bad, such numbers seeke for thee?

G 2

V Vhen wilt thou be the humble suppliants friend And bring him where his suit may be obtained? V Vhen wilt thou fort an howre great strifes to end? Or free that soule which wretchednes hath chained? Giue phisicke to the sicke, ease to the pained?

The poore, lame, blind, hault, creepe, cry out for But they nere meet with oportunitie. (thee,

The patient dies while the Phisitian sleepes,
The Orphane pines while the oppressor feedes.
Instice is feasting while the widow weepes.
Aduise is sporting while insection breeds.
Thou graunt st no time for charitable deeds.

VV rath, enuy, treason, rape, and murthers rages, Thy heinous houres wait on them as their Pages.

VVhen Trueth and Vertue haue to do with thee, A thousand crosses keepe them from thy aide: They buie thy helpe, but sinne nere giues a fee, He gratis comes, and thou art well apaide, As well to heare, as graunt what he hath saide.

My COLATINE would else haue come to me, VVhen TAR QVIN did, but he was staied by thee. Guilty 897

901

903

90**4** 

908

91,0 911

915

922

924

925

929

931

932

936

938

### THE RAPE OF LYCRECE.

Guilty thou art of murther, and of thefr,
Guilty of periurie, and subornation,
Guilty of treason, forgerie, and shift,
Guilty of incest that abhomination,
An accessarie by thine inclination.
To all sinnes past and all that are to come,
From the creation to the generall doome.

Misshapen time, copesmate of vgly night, Swift subtle post, carrier of grieslie care, Eater of youth, false slaue to false delight: Base watch of woes, sins packhorse, vertues snare. Thou noursest all, and murthrest all that are.

O heare me then, iniurious shifting time, Be guiltie of my death since of my crime.

VVhy hath thy servant opportunity
Betraide the howres thou gau'st me to repose?
Canceld my fortunes, and inchained me
To endlesse date of neuer-ending woes?
Times office is to fine the hate offoes,
To eate vp errours by opinion bred,
Not spend the dowrie of a lawfull bed.

G 3

Times glorie is to calme contending Kings,
To vnmaske fallhood, and bring truth to light,
To stampe the seale of time in aged things,
To wake the morne, and Centinell the night,
To wrong the wronger till he render right,
To ruinate proud buildings with thy howres,
And smeare with dust their glitting golden towrs.

To fill with worme-holes stately monuments,
To feede obliuion with decay of things,
To blot old bookes, and alter their contents,
To plucke the quils from auncient rauens wings,
To drie the old oakes sappe, and cherish springs:
To spoile Antiquities of hammerd steele,
And turne the giddy round of Fortunes wheele.

To shew the beldame daughters of her daughter,
To make the child a man, the man a childe,
To slay the tygre that doth liue by slaughter,
To tame the Vnicorne, and Lion wild,
To mocke the subtle in themselues beguild,
To cheare the Plowman with increasefull crops,
And wast huge stones with little water drops.

VVhy

VV hy work'st thou mischiese in thy Pilgrimage,
Vnlesse thou could'st returne to make amends?
One poore retyring minute in an age
V Vould purchase thee a thousand thousand friends,
Lending him wit that to bad detters lends, (backe,
O this dread night, would'st thou one howr come
I could preuent this storme, and shun thy wracke.

Thou ceaselesse lackie to Eternitie,
VVith some mischance crosse Tarqvin in his slight.
Deuise extreames beyond extremitie,
To make him curse this cursed crimefull night:
Let gastly shadowes his lewdeyes affright,
And the dire thought of his committed euill,
Shape every bush a hideous shape lesse deuill.

Disturbe his howres of rest with restlesse trances.

Afflict him in his bed with bedred grones,
Let there bechaunce him pitifull mischances,
To make him mone, but pitie not his mones:
Stone him with hardned hearts harder then stones,
And set milde women to him loose their mildnesse,
V vilder to him then Tygers in their wildnesse.

Lethim haue time to teare his curled haire,
Let him haue time against himselfe to raue,
Let him haue time of times helpe to dispaire,
Let him haue time to liue a lothed slaue,
Let him haue time a beggers orts to craue,
And time to see one that by almes doth liue,
Disdaine to him disdained scraps to giue.

Let him haue time to see his friends his soes,
And merrie sooles to mocke at him resort:
Let him haue time to marke how flow time goes
In time of sorrow, and how swift and short
His time of sollie, and his time of sport.
And euer let his vnrecalling crime
Haue time to waile th'abusing of his time.

Otime thou tutor both to good and bad,
Teach me to curse him that thou taught st this ill:
At his owne shadow let the theese runne mad,
Himselfe, himselfe seeke eueric howre to kill,
Such wretched hads such wretched blood shuld spill.
For who so base would such an office haue,
As sclandrous deaths-man to so base a slaue.

The

The baser is he comming from a King,
To shame his hope with deedes degenerate,
The mightier man the mightier is the thing
That makes him honord, or begets him hate:
For greatest scandall waits on greatest state.
The Moone being clouded, presently is mist,
But little stars may hide them when they list.

The Crow may bath his coaleblacke wings in mire,
And unperceau dflie with the filth away,
But if the like the frow-white Swan defire,
The staine uppon his filuer Downe will stay.
Poore grooms are sightles night, kings glorious day,
Gnats are unnoted where soere they slie,
But Eagles gaz'd uppon with euerie eye.

Out idle wordes, servants to shallow sooles, Vnprofitable sounds, weake arbitrators, Busie your selves in skill contending schooles, Debate where ley sure serves with dull debators: To trembling Clients be you mediators, Forme, I force not argument a straw

Forme, I force not argument a straw, Since that my case is past the helpe of law. 1002

1006

1008

1009

10:3

1015

1016

1020

In vaine I raile at oportunitie,
At time, at TARQVIN, and vnchearfull night,
In vaine I cauill with mine infamie,
In vaine I fpurne at my confirm'd despight,
This helpelesse smoake of words doth me no right:
The remedie indeede to do me good,
Is to let forth my sowle desiled blood.

Poore hand why quitterft thou at this decree?
Honor thy felfe to rid me of this shame,
For if I die, my Honor lives in thee,
But if I live thou lives in my defame;
Since thou couldst not defend thy loyall Dame,
And wast affeard to scratch her wicked Fo,
Kill both thy selfe, and her for yeelding so.

This said, from her betombled couch shee starteth,
To finde some despirat Instrument of death,
But this no slaughter house no toole imparteth,
To make more vent for passage of her breath,
VV hich thronging through her lips so vanisheth,
As smoake from ÆTNA, that in aire consumes,
Or that which from discharged Cannon sumes.

In

In vaine (quothshee) Iliue, and seeke in vaine
Some happie meane to end a haplesselife.
Ifear'd by TARQVIN'S Fauchion to bessaine,
Yet for the selfe same purpose seeke a knise;
But when I fear'd I was a loyall wise,
So am I now, ôno that cannot be,
Of that true tipe hath TARQVIN risled me.

Othat is gone for which I fought to live,
And therefore now I need not feare to die,
To cleare this spot by death (at least) I give
A badge of Fame to sclanders liverie,
A dying life, to living infamie:
Poore helplesse helpe, the treasure stolne away,
To burne the guiltlesse casket where it lay.

VVell well deare Colatine, thou shalt not know The stained tast of violated troth:
I will not wrong thy true affection so,
To flatter thee with an infringed oath:
This bastard graffe shall neuer come to growth,
He shall not boast who did thy stocke pollute,
That thou art doting father of his fruite.

H 2

Norshall he smile at thee in secret thought,
Nor laugh with his companions at thy state,
But thou shalt know thy intrest was not bought
Basely with gold, but stolne from soorth thy gate.
For me I am the mistresse of my fate,
And with my trespasse neuer will dispense.

And with my trespasse neuer will dispence.
Till life to death acquir my forst offence.

I will not poylon thee with my attaint,
Nor fold my fault in cleanly coin'd excuses,
My sable ground of sinne I will not paint,
To hide the truth of this salse nights abuses.
My tongue shall veter all, mine eyes like sluces,
As from a mountaine spring that seeds a dale,
Shalgush pure streams to purge my impure tale.

By this lamenting Philomele had ended
The well tun'd warble of her nightly forrow,
And solemne night with slow sad gate descended
To ouglie Hell, when loe the blushing morrow
Lends light to all faire eyes that light will borrow.
But cloudie Lyckee shames her selfe to see,
And therefore still in night would cloistred be.

Reuealing

1065

1069

1071

1072

1076

1078

1079

1083

108Š

Reuealing day through every crannic spies,
And seems to point her out where she sits weeping,
To whom shee sobbing speakes, o eye of eyes, (ping,
VVhy pry'st thou through my window: leave thy peeMock with thy tickling beams, eies that are sleeping;
Brand not my forehead with thy percing light,
For day hath nought to do what's done by night.

Thus cauils shee with cuerie thing shee sees,
True griefe is fond and testie as a childe,
VVho wayward once, his mood with naught agrees,
Old woes, not infant forrowes beare them milde,
Continuance tames the one, the other wilde,
Like an unpractized swimmer plunging still,
VVith too much labour drowns for want of skill.

So shee deepe drenched in a Sea of care,
Holds disputation with ech thing shee vewes,
And to her selfe all forrow doth compare,
No object but her passions strength renewes:
And as one shiftes another straight insewes,
Sometime her griefe is dumbe and hath no words,
Sometime tis mad and too much talke affords.

H 3

The little birds that tune their mornings ioy, Make her mones mad, with their sweet melodie, "For mirth doth search the bottome of annoy,

"Sad soules are slaine in merrie companie,

"Griefe best is pleas'd with griefes societie; "True forrow then is feelinglie suffiz'd,

"VVhen with like semblance it is simpathiz'd.

"Tis double death to drowne in ken of shore,

"He ten times pines, that pines beholding food,

"To fee the falue doth make the wound ake more:

"Great griefe greeues most at that wold do it good;

"Deepe woes roll forward like a gentle flood, VVho being stopt, the bouding banks oreflowes, Griefe dallied with, nor law, nor limit knowes.

You mocking Birds (quoth she) your tunes intombe VVithin your hollow swelling feathered breasts, And in my hearing be you mute and dumbe, My restlesse discord loues no stops norrests:

"A woefull Hostesse brookes not merrie guests. Ralish your nimble notes to pleasing eares,

"Distres likes dups whe time is kept with teares. Come

1107

11/1

1113

1114

1118

1120

1121

1125

Come Philomele that fing'st of rauilhment, Make thy sad groue in my disheueld heare, As the danke earth weepes at thy languishment; So I at each sad straine, will straine a teare, And with deepe grones the Diapason beare: For burthen-wise ile hum on TARQVIN still, VVhile thou on TEREV'S descants better skill.

And whiles against a thorne thou bear'st thy part, To keepe thy sharpe woes waking, wretched I To imitate thee well, against my heart VVill fixe a sharpe knife to affright mine eye, VVho if it winke shall thereon fall and die. These meanes as frets vpon an instrument, Shal tune our heart-strings to true languishment.

And for poore bird thou fing'st not in the day, As shaming anie eye should thee behold: Some darke deepe desert seated from the way, That knowes not parching heat, nor freezing cold VVill wee find out: and there we will vnfold To creatures stern, sad tunes to change their kinds, Since me proue beafts, let beafts bear getle minds. 1128

1132

1134

1135

1139

1141

1142

1146

As the poore frighted Deare that stands at gaze, V Vildly determining which way to flie, Or one incompast with a winding maze, That cannot tread the way out readilie:

So with her selfe is shee in mutinie,

To line or die which of the twaine were better.

To line or die which of the twaine were better, VVhen life is sham'd and death reproches detter.

To kill my selfe, quoth shee, alacke what were it,
But with my body my poore soules pollusion?
They that loose halfe with greater patience beare it,
Then they whose whole is swallowed in consusion.
That mother tries a mercilesse conclusion,
VVho having two sweet babes, when death takes

VVho having two sweet babes, when death takes VVill slay the other, and be nurse to none. (one,

My bodie or my soule which was the dearer?
V hen the one pure, the other made deuine,
V hose loue of eyther to my selfe was nearer?
V hen both were kept for Heauen and Colatine:
Ay me, the Barke pild from the loftie Pine,
His leaues will wither, and his sap decay,
So must my soule her barke being pild away.

Her

1149

1153

1155

11.56

1160

1162

1163

1167

### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE

Her house is sackt, her quiet interrupted,

Her mansion batterd by the enemie,

Her sacred temple spotted, spoild, corrupted,

Grossie ingirt with daring infamie.

Then let it not be cald impietie,

If in this blemisht fort I make some hole,

Through which I may conuay this troubled soule.

Yet die I will not, till my Colatine
Haue heard the cause of my vntimelie death,
That he may vow in that sad houre of mine,
Reuenge on him that made me stop my breath,
My stained bloud to Tarqvin ile bequeath,
V hich by him tainted, shall for him be spent,
And as his due writin my testament.

My Honor ile bequeath vnto the knife
That wounds my bodie so dishonored,
Tis Honor to depriue dishonord life,
The one will liue, the other being dead.
So of shames ashes shall my Fame be bred,
For in my death I murther shamefull scorne,
My shame so dead, mine honor is new borne.

I

Deare Lord of that deare iewell I have loft,
VV hat legacie shall I bequeath to thee?
My resolution love shall be thy bost,
By whose example thou revenged mayst be.
How Tarqvin must be vsd, read it in me,
My selfe thy friend will kill my selfe thy so,
And for my sake serve thousalse Tarqvin so.

This briefe abridgement of my will I make,
My foule and bodie to the skies and ground:
My resolution Husband doe thou take,
Mine Honor be the knifes that makes my wound,
My shame be his that did my Fame confound;
And all my Fame that lives disbursed be,
To those that live and thinke no shame of me.

Thou COLATINE shalt oversee this will,
How was I overseene that thou shalt see it?
My bloud shall wash the sclander of mine ill,
My lives soule deed my lifes faire end shall free it.
Faint not faint heart, but stoutlie say so be it,
Yeeld to my hand, my hand shall conquer thee,
Thou dead, both die, and both shall victors be.

This

1216

1218

1219

1223

1225

1226

1230

1232

# THE RAPE OF LVCRECE.

This plot of de ath when sadlie shee had sayd,
And wip't the brinish pearle from her bright eies,
VVith vntun'd tongue shee hoarssie cals her mayd,
VVhose swift obedience to her mistresse hies.
"For fleet-wing'd duetie with thoghts feathers slies,

Poore Lycrece cheeks vnto her maid feem fo, As winter meads when fun doth melt their fnow.

Her mistresse shee doth give demure good morrow,
VVith soft slow-tongue, true marke of modestie,
And sorts a sad looke to her Ladies sorrow,
(For why her face wore sorrowes liverie.)
But durst not aske of her audaciouslie,
VVhy her two suns were clowd ecclipsed so,

VVhy her two suns were clowd ecclipsed so, Nor why her faire cheeks ouer-washt with woe.

But as the earth doth weepe the Sun being set,
Each flowre moistned like a melting eye:
Euen so the maid with swelling drops gan wet
Her circled eien inforst, by simpathie
Of those faire Suns set in her mistresse skie,
VVho in a salt wau'd Ocean quench their light,
VVhich makes the maid weep like the dewy night.

A prettie while these prettie creatures stand,
Like Iuorie conduits corall cesterns filling:
One iustlie weepes, the other takes in hand
No cause, but companie of her drops spilling.
Their gentle sex to weepe are often willing,
Greeuing themselues to gesse at others smarts,
And the they drown their eies, or break their harts.

For men haue marble, women waxen mindes,
And therefore are they form'd as marble will,
The weake oppress, th'impression of strange kindes.
Is form'd in them by force, by fraud, or skill.
Then call them not the Authors of their ill,
No more then waxe shall be accounted eaill,
V herein is stampt the semblance of a Deuill.

Their smoothnesse; like a goodly champaine plaine,
Laies open all the little wormes that creepe,
In men as in a rough-growne groue remaine.
Caue keeping euils that obscurely sleepe.
Through christall wals ech little mote will peepe,
Though me ca couer crimes with bold stern looks,
Poore womens faces are their owne faults books.

No

### THE RAPE OF LVCRECE.

No man inueigh against the withered flowre, But chide rough winter that the flowre hath kild, Not that deuour d, but that which doth deuour Is worthie blame, ô let it not be hild Poore womens faults, that they are so fulfild VVith mens abuses, those proud Lords to blame, Make weak made wome tenants to their shame.

1258

1260

1261

The president whereof in LVCRECE view, Affail'd by night with circumstances strong Of present death, and shame that might insue. By that her death to do her husband wrong, Such danger to relistance did belong: That dying feare through all her bodie spred,

1265

And who cannot abuse a bodie dead?

1267

1268

By this mildepatience bidfaire LVCRECE speake, To the poore counterfaite of her complayning, My girle, quoth thee, on what occasion breake Those tears fro thee, that downe thy cheeks are raig-If thou doft weepe for griefe of my fustaining: (ning? Know gentle wench it small auailes my mood, Iftears could help, mine own would do me good.

1272

But tell me girle, when went (and there shee staide,
Till after a deepe grone) TARQVIN from hence,
Madame ere I was vp (repli'd the maide,)
The more to blame my sluggard negligence.
Yet with the fault I thus farre can dispence:
My selfe was stirring ere the breake of day,

And ere I rose was TARQVIN gone away.

But Lady, if your maide may be so bold,
Shee would request to know your heavinesse:
(O peace quoth L v C R E C E) if it should be told,
The repetition cannot make it lesse:
For more it is, then I can well expresse,
And that deepe torture may be called a Hell,
V Yhen more is felt then one hath power to tell.

Go get mee hither paper, inke, and pen,
Yet faue that labour, for I haue them heare,
(VVhat should I say) one of my husbands men
Bid thou be readie, by and by, to beare
A letter to my Lord, my Loue, my Deare,
Bid him with speede prepare to carrie it,
The cause craues hast, and it will soone be writ.

Her

1275

1279

1281

1282

1286

1288

1289

## THE RAPE OF LVCRECE.

Her maide is gone, and thee prepares to write, First houering ore the paper with her quill: Conceipt and griefe an eager combat fight, VV hat wit sets downe is blotted straight with will. This is too curious good, this blunt and ill, Much like a presse of people at a dore, Throng her inventions which shall go before.

At last shee thus begins: thou worthie Lord, Of that vnworthie wife that greeteth thee, Health to thy person, next, vouchsafe t'afford (If ever love, thy LVCRECE thouwilt fee,) Some present speed, to come and visite me: So I commend me, from our house in griefe, My woes are tedious, though my words are briefe.

Here folds shee vp the tenure of her woe, Her certaine forrow writy ncertainely, By this short Cedule COLATINE may know Her griese, but not her grieses true quality, Shee dares not thereof make discouery, Lest he should hold it her own grosse abuse,

Ere the with bloud had flain'd her flain'd excuse.

1300

1302

1303

1307

1309 1310

1314

Besides the life and feeling of her passion,
Shee hoords to spend, when he is by to heare her,
VVhen sighs, & grones, & tears may grace the fashio
Of her disgrace, the better so to cleare her
From that suspicio which the world might bear her.
To shun this blot, shee would not blot the letter
VVith words, till action might becom the better.

To see sad sights, moves more then heare them told,
For then the eye interpretes to the eare
The heavie motion that it doth behold,
VVhen everie part, a part of woe doth beare.
Tis but a part of sorrow that we heare,
Deep sounds make lesser noise the shallow foords,
And sorrow ebs, being blown with wind of words.

Her letter now is seal d, and on it writ

At Ardea tomy Lord with more then hast,

The Post attends, and shee deliuers it,

Charging the sowr-fac'd groome, to high as fast

As lagging sowles before the Northerne blast,

Speed more then speed, but dul & slow she deems,

Extremity still vrgeth such extremes.

The

The homelie villaine cursies to her low,
And blushing on her with a stedfast eye,
Receaues the scroll without or yea or no,
And forth with bashfull innocence doth hie.
But they whose guilt within their bosomes lie,
Imagine euerie eye beholds their blame,
For Lycrece thought, he blusht to see her shame.

VVhen seelie Groome (God wot) it was desect
Ofspirite, life, and bold audacitie,
Such harmlesse creatures have a true respect
To talke in deeds, while others saucilie
Promise more speed, but do it leysurelie.
Euen so the patterne of this worne-out age,
Pawn'd honest looks, but laid no words to gage.

His kindled duetie kindled her mistrust,
That two red fires in both their faces blazed,
Shee thought he blusht, as knowing Tarquins lust,
And blushing with him, wistlie on him gazed,
Her earnest eye did make him more amazed.
The more shee saw the bloud his cheeks replenish,
The more she thought he spied in her som blemish.

1345\_

But long shee thinkes till he returne againe, And yet the dutious vassall scarce is gone, The wearie time shee cannot entertaine, For now tis stale to sigh, to weepe, and grone, So woe hath wearied woe, mone tired mone, That shee her plaints a little while doth stay, Pawling for means to mourne some newer way.

At last shee cals to mind where hangs a peece Of skilfull painting, made for PRIAM'S Troy, Before the which is drawn the power of Greece, For HELENS rape, the Cittieto destroy, Threatning cloud-killing ILLION with annoy, VVhich the conceipted Painter drew so prowd, As Heauen (it seem'd) to kisse the turrets bow'd.

A thousand lamentable objects there, In scorne of Nature, Art gaue liuelesse life, Many a dry drop seem'd a weeping teare, Shed for the flaughtred husband by the wife. The red bloud reek'd to thew the Painters strife, And dying eyes gleem'd forth their ashie lights, Like dying coales burnt out in tedious nights. There

1359

1363

1365

1366

1370

1372

1373

1377

There might you see the labouring Pyoner Begrim'd with sweat, and smeared all with dust, And from the towres of Troy, there would appeare The verie eyes of men through loop-holes thrust, Gazing vppon the Greekes with little lust, Such sweet observance in this worke was had, That one might see those farre of eyes looke sad.

In great commaunders, Grace, and Maiestie, You might behold triumphing in their faces, In youth quick-bearing and dexteritie, And here and there the Painter interlaces Pale cowards marching on with trembling paces. VVhich hartlesse peasaunts did so wel resemble, That one would swear he saw them quake & treble.

In Arax and Vlysses, ô what Art Of Phisiognomy might one behold! The face of eyther cypher'd eythers heart, Their face, their manners most expressie told, In Alax eyes blunt rage and rigour rold, But the mild glance that slie Vrysses lent, Shewed deepe regard and smiling gouernment. K 2

**1380** 

1384

1386

1387

1391

1393

1394

1398

There pleading might you see grave Nesror stand,
As twere incouraging the Greekes to fight,
Making such sober action with his hand,
That it beguild attention, charm'd the sight,
In speech it seemd his beard, all silver white,

V Vag'd vp and downe, and from his lips did flie, Thin winding breath which purl'd vp to the skie.

About him were a presse of gaping faces,
V Vhich seem'd to swallow vp his sound aduice,
All ioyntlie listning, but with seuerall graces,
As if some Marmaide did their eares intice,
Some high, some low, the Painter was so nice.
The scalpes of manie almost hid behind,
To iump vp higher seem'd to mocke the mind.

Here one mans hand leand on anothers head,
His nose being shadowed by his neighbours care,
Here one being throng'd, bears back all boln, & red,
Another smotherd, seemes to pelt and sweare,
And in their rage such signes of rage they beare,
As but for losse of Nestor s golden words,
It seem'd they would debate with angrie swords.

1401

1405

**14**07

1408

1412

1414 1415

1419

**14**21

For

For much imaginarie worke was there,
Conceipt deceitfull, so compact so kinde,
That for ACHILLES image stood his speare
Grip't in an Armed hand, himselfe behind
VVas lest vnseene, saue to the eye of mind,
A hand, a foote, a face, a leg, a head
Stood for the whole to be imagined.

And from the wals of strong besieged Troy, (field, VVhen their braue hope, bold Hector march dto Stood manie Troian mothers sharing ioy, To see their youthfull sons bright weapons wield, And to their hope they such odde action yeeld, That through their light ioy seemed to appeare, (Like bright things staind) a kind of heavie seare.

And from the strond of Dardan where they sought,
To Simois reedie bankes the red bloud ran,
V hose waves to imitate the battaile sought
V th swelling ridges, and their rankes began
To breake vpponthe galled shore, and than
Retire againe, till meeting greater ranckes
They joine, & shoot their some at Simois bancks.

K: 3

22

. 

To this well painted peece is Lycrece come,
To find a face where all distresse is steld,
Manie shee sees, where cares have carued some,
But none where all distresse and dolor dweld,
Till shee dispayring Hecves beheld,
Seesing on Processes we wound with her old eve

Staring on PRIAMS wounds with her old eyes, V Vhich bleeding under Pirrhys proud foot lies.

In her the Painter had anathomiz'd
Times ruine, beauties wracke, and grim cares raign,
Her cheeks with chops and wrincles were difguiz'd,
Of what shee was, no semblance did remaine:
Her blew bloud chang'd to blacke in euerie vaine,
VVanting the spring, that those shrunke pipes had
Shew'd life imprison'd in a bodie dead. (fed,

On this sad shadow LVCRECE spends her eyes,
And shapes her forrow to the Beldames woes,
VVho nothing wants to answer her but cries,
And bitter words to ban her cruell Foes.
The Painter was no God to lend her those,

And therefore Lycrece swears he did her wrong, To give her so much griefe, and not a tong.

Poore

1443

1447

1449

1450

1454

1456

1457

1461

Poore Instrument (quoth shee) without a sound,
Ile tune thy woes with my lamenting tongue,
And drop sweet Balme in PRIAMS painted wound,
And raile on PIRRHVS that hath done him wrong;
And with my tears quench Troy that burns so long,
And with my knife scratch out the angrie eyes,
Of all the Greekes that are thing enemies.

Shew me the strumpet that began this stur,
That with my nailes her beautie I may teare:
Thy heat of lust fond Paris did incur
This lode of wrath, that burning Troy doth beare;
Thy eye kindled the fire that burneth here,
And here in Troy for trespasse of thine eye,
The Sire, the sonne, the Dame and daughter die.

VVhy should the private pleasure of some one
Become the publicke plague of manie moe?
Let sinne alone committed, light alone
Vppon his head that hath transgressed so.
Let guiltlesse soules be freed from guilty woe,
For ones offence why should so many fall?
To plague a private sinne in generall.

Lo here weeps HECVBA, here PRIAM dies,
Here manly HECTOR faints, here TROYLVS founds,
Here friend by friend in bloudie channel lies:
And friend to friend gives vnaduised wounds,
And one mans lust these manie lives consounds.
Had doting PRIAM checkt his sons desire,
TROY had bin bright with Fame, & not with fire.

Herefeelingly the weeps TROYES painted woes, Forforrow, like a heavie hanging Bell, Once fet on ringing, with his own waight goes, Then little strength rings out the dolefull knell, So LYCRECE fet a worke, sad tales doth tell To pencel d pensivenes, & colour d forrow, (row, She lends them words, & she their looks doth bor-

Shee throwes her eyes about the painting round,
And who shee finds forlorne, shee doth lament:
At last shee sees a wretched image bound,
That piteous lookes, to Phrygian sheapheards lent,
His sace though full of cares, yet shew d content,

Onward to TR o y with the blunt swains he goes, So mild that patience seem'd to scorne his woes.

In

1485

1489

1491

1492

1496

1<del>4</del>98

**14**99

1503

In him the Painterlabour'd with his skill
To hide deceipt, and give the harmlesses show
An humble gate, calme looks, eyes wayling still,
A brow vnbent that seem'd to welcome wo,
Cheeks neither red, nor pale, but mingled so,
That blushing red, no guiltie instance gaue,
Nor ashie pale, the seare that salse hearts have.

But like a constant and confirmed Deuill,
He entertain'd a show, so seeming iust,
And therein so enscone this secret euill,
That lealousie it selfe could not mistrust,
False creeping Crast, and Periurie should thrust
Into so bright a daie, such blackfac'd storms,
Or blot with Hell-born sin such Saint-like forms.

The well-skil'd workman this milde Image drew
For periur'd Sinon, whose inchaunting storie
The credulous old Priam after slew.
V hose words like wild fire burnt the shining glorie
Ofrich-built Illion, that the skies were sorie.
And little stars shot from their fixed places,
V he their glas fel, wherin they view'd their faces.

15cc

1510

1512

1513

1517

1519

**1520** 

1524

1526

L

This picture shee aduisedly perused, And chid the Painter for his wondrous skill: Saying, some shape in SINONS was abused, So faire a forme lodg'd not a mind so ill, And still on him shee gaz'd, and gazing still, Such signes of truth in his plaine face shee spied, That shee concludes, the Picture was belied.

It cannot be (quoth she) that so much guile, (Shee would have said) can lurke in such a looke: But TARQVINsshape, came in her mind the while, And from her tongue, can lurk, from cannot, tooke It cannot be, shee in that sence for sooke, And turn'd it thus, it cannot be I find, But such a face should beare a wicked mind.

For even as subtill SINON here is painted, So sober sad, so wearie, and so milde, (As if with griefe or trauaile he had fainted) To me came TARQVIN armed to beguild VVith outward honestie, but yet defild

VVith inward vice, as PRIAM him did cherish: So did I TAR QVIN, so my Troy did perish. Looke

1568

7548

1552

1554

1555

1559

1561

1562

Looke looke how listning PRIAM wets his eyes, To see those borrowed teares that Sinon sheeds. PRIAM why art thou old, and yet not wife? For euerie teare he fals a Troian bleeds: His eye drops fire, no water thence proceeds, Those roud clear pearls of his that moue thy pitty, Are bals of quenchlesse fire to burne thy Citty.

Such Deuils steale effects from lightlesse Hell, For Sinon in his fire doth quake with cold, And in that cold hot burning fire doth dwell, These contraries such vnitie do hold, Only to flatter fooles, and make them bold, So PRIAMStrust false SINONS teares doth flatter, That he finds means to burne his Troy with water.

Here all inrag'd fuch passion her assailes, That patience is quite beaten from her breast, Shee tears the sencelesse Sinon with her nailes. Comparing him to that vnhappie guest, VVhose deede hath made herselfe, herselfe detest, At last shee smilingly with this gives ore, Foole fool, quoth the, his wounds wil not be fore. 1548

1552

1554

1555

1559

1561

1562

1566

Thus ebs and flowes the currant of her forrow,
And time doth wearie time with her complayning,
Shee looks for night, & then shee longs for morrow,
And both shee thinks too long with her remayning.
Short time feems long, in forrowes sharp sustayning,
Though wo be heavie, yet it feldome sleepes,
And they that watch, see time, how slow it creeps.

VVhich all this time hath ouerslipt her thought,
That shee with painted Images hath spent,
Being from the feeling of her own griefe brought,
By deepe surmise of others detriment,
Loosing her woes in shews of discontent:
It easeth some, though none it euer cured,
To think e their dolour others have endured.

But now the mindfull Messenger come backe, Brings home his Lord and other companie, V Vho finds his Lvczece clad in mourning black, And round about her teare-distained eye Blew circles stream'd, like Rain bows in the skie.

These watergalls in her dim Element,
Foretell new stormes to those alreadie spent.
V V hich

1569

1573

**1**575

1576

**15**80

1582

**158**3

1587

VVhich when her sad beholding husband saw,
Amazedlie in her sad face he stares:
Her eyes though sod in tears look dred and raw,
Her liuelie colour kil'd with deadlie cares,
He hath no power to aske her how shee fares,
Both stood like old acquaintance in a trance,
Met far from home, wondring ech others chance.

At last he takes her by the bloudlesse hand,
And thus begins: what vncouthill event
Hath thee befalne, that thou dost trembling stand?
Sweet love what spite hath thy saire colour spent?
VVhy art thou thus attir'd in discontent?
Vnmaske deare deare, this moodie heavinesse,
And tell thy griese, that we may give redresse.

Three times with fighes shee gives her sorrow fire, Ere once shee can discharge one word of woe:
At length addrest to answer his desire,
Shee modest prepares, to let them know
Her Honor is taue prisoner by the Foe,
Vhile Colatine and his consorted Lords,
Vith sad attention long to heare her words.

L 3

1590

1590

1596

*159*7

1601

1603

1604

1608

And now this pale Swan in her watrie nest,
Begins the sad Dirge of her certaine ending,
Few words (quoth shee) shall fit the trespasse best,
VVhere no excuse can give the sault amending.
In me moe woes then words are now depending,

And my laments would be drawn out too long, To tell them all with one poore tired tong.

Then be this all the taske it hath to say,
Deare husband in the interest of thy bed
Astranger came, and on that pillow say,
V here thou wast wont to rest thy wearie head,
And what wrong essent might be done to me

By foule inforcement might be done to me, From that (alas) thy LVCRECE is not free.

For in the dreadfull dead of darke midnight, VVith shining Fauchion in my chamber came A creeping creature with a slaming light, And softly cried, awake thou Romaine Dame, And entertaine my loue, else lasting shame On thee and thing this night I will inslict.

On thee and thine this night I will inflict, If thou my loues desire do contradict.

1611

1615

1617

1618

1622

162<del>4</del>

1625

1629

1631

For

For some hard sauour'd Groome of thine, quoth he,
Vnlesse thou yoke thy liking to my will
lle murther straight, and then ile slaughter thee,
And sweare I sound you where you did fulfill
The lothsome act of Lust, and so did kill
The lechors in their deed, this Act will be
My Fame, and thy perpetual infamy.

VVith this I did begin to start and cry,
And then against my heart he set his sword,
Swearing, vnlesse I tooke all patiently,
I should not live to speake another word.
So should my shame still rest upon record,
And never be forgot in mightie Roome
Th'adulterat death of Lucrece, and her Groome.

Mine enemy was strong, my poore selfe weake, (And farre the weaker with so strong a feare)
My bloudie sudge for bod my tongue to speake,
No rightfull plea might plead for sustice there.
His scarlet Lust came enidence to sweare
That my poore beautie had pursoin'd his eyes

That my poore beautie had purloin'd his eyes, And when the ludge is rob'd, the prisoner dies. -

1632

1636

1638

1639

1643

1645

1646

1650

O teach me how to make mine owne excuse, Or (at the least) this refuge let me finde, Though my groffe bloud be staind with this abuse, Immaculate, and spotlesse is my mind, That was not forc'd, that neuer was inclind To accessarie yeeldings, but still pure Doth in her poyson'd closet yet endure.

Lo heare the hopelesse Marchant of this losse, VVith head declin'd, and voice dam'd vp with wo, VVith sad set eyes and wretched armes acrosse, From lips new waxen pale, begins to blow The griefe away, that stops his answer so.

But wretched as he is he striues in vaine, VVhathe breaths out, his breath drinks vp again.

As through an Arch, the violent roaring tide, Outruns the eye that doth behold his hast: Yet in the Edie boundeth in his pride, Backetothestraitthat forst him on so fast: In rage sent out, recald in rage being past,

Euen so his sighes, his sorrowes make a saw, To pulh griefe on, and back the same grief draw. 1673 VVhich

1653

1657

1659

1660

1664

1666

1667

VVhich speechlesse woe of his poore she attendeth,
And his vntimelie frenzie thus awaketh,
Deare Lord, thy sorrow to my sorrow lendeth
Another power, no sloud by raining slaketh,
My woe too sencible thy passion maketh
More feeling painfull, let it than suffice
To drowne on woe, one paire of weeping eyes.

And for my sake when I might charme thee so,
For shee that was thy Lvcrece, now attend me,
Be sodainelie reuenged on my Foe.
Thine, mine, his own, suppose thou dost defend me
From what is past, the helpe that thou shalt lend me
Comes all too late, yet let the Traytor die,
"For sparing suffice seeds iniquitie.

But ere I name him, you faire Lords, quoth shee,
(Speaking to those that came with Colatine)
Shall plight your Honourable faiths to me,
VVith swift pursuit to venge this wrong of mine,
Fortis a meritorious faire designe,
To chase iniustice with reuengefull armes,
Knights by their paths should right poore I adie

To chase iniustice with reuengeful armes,
Knights by their oaths should right poore Ladies
M (harmes.

1687.

At this request, with noble disposition,
Each present Lord began to promise aide,
As bound in Knighthood to her imposition,
Longing to heare the hatefull Foe bewraide.
But thee that yet her sad taske hath not said,
The protestation stops, ô speake quoth shee,
How may this forced staine be wip'd from me?

What is the qualitie of my offence
Being constrayn'd with dreadfull circumstance?
May my pure mind with the fowle act dispence
My low declined Honor to advance?
May anie termes acquire me from this chance?

The poyloned fountaine cleares it selfe againe, And why not I from this compelled staine?

VVith this they all at once began to saie,
Her bodies staine, her mind vntainted cleares,
VVhile with a ioylesse smile, shee turnes awaie
The face, that map which deepe impression beares
Of hard missfortune, caru'd it in with tears.

No no, quothshee, no Dame hereafter living, By my excuse shall claime excuses giving.

Here

1695

1699

1701

1702

1706

1708

1709

1713

Here with a figh as if her heart would breake, Shee throwes forth Tarqvins name: he he, she saies. But more then he, her poore tong could not speake, Till after manie accents and delaies, Vntimelie breathings, sicke and short assaies, Shee vtters this, he he faire Lords, tis he That guides this hand to give this wound to me.

Euen here she sheathed in her harmlesse breast A harmfull knife, that thence her foule vnsheathed, That blow did baile it from the deepe ynrest Of that polluted prison, where it breathed: Her contrite sighes vnto the clouds bequeathed Her winged sprite, & through her wouds doth flie Liues lasting date, from cancel'd destinie.

Stonestill, astonisht with this deadlie deed, Stood COLATINE, and all his Lordly crew, Till LVCRECE Father that beholds her bleed, Himselse, on her selfe-slaughtred bodie threw, And from the purple fountaine BRVTV sdrew The murdrous knife, and as it left the place, Her bloud in poore reuenge, held it in chase.

1716

1720

1722

1723

1727

1729

1730

1734

1737

17:11

1743

17:14

1748

1750

1755

1757

And bubling from her brest, it doth deuide
In two slow rivers, that the crimson bloud
Circles her bodie in on everie side,
V Vho like a late sack't lland vastlie stood
Bare and unpeopled, in this fearfull flood.
Some of her bloud still pure and red remain'd,
And som look'd black, & that salse Tarquin stain'd.

About the mourning and congealed face
Of that blacke bloud, a watrie rigoll goes,
V hich feemes to weep vpon the tainted place,
And euer fince as pittying L v c R E C E woes,
Corrupted bloud, fome waterie token showes,
And bloud vntainted, still doth red abide,
Blushing at that which is so putrified.

Daughter, deare daughter, old LVCRETIVS cries,
That life was mine which thou hast here depriued,
If in the childe the fathers image lies,
V here shall I liue now LVCRECE is vnliued?
Thou wast not to this end from me deriued.
If children prædecease progenitours,
V Ve are their ofspring and they none of ours.
Poore

Poore broken glasse, I often did behold
In thy sweet semblance, my old age new borne,
But now that faire fresh mirror dim and old
Shewes me a bare bon'd death by time out-worne,
Ofrom thy cheekes my image shou hast torne,
And shiuerd all the beautie of my glasse,
That I no more can see what once I was.

O time cease thou thy course and last no longer,
If they surcease to be that should survive:
Shall rotten death make conquest of the stronger,
And leave the soultring seeble soules alive?
The old Bees die, the young possesse their hive,
Then live sweet L v CRECE, live againe and see
Thy father die, and not thy father thee.

By this starts COLATINE as from a dreame,
And bids LVCRECIVS give his sorrow place,
And than in key-cold LVCRECE bleeding streame
He fals, and bathes the pale seare in his sace,
And counterfaits to die with her a space.
Till manly shame bids him possesse his breath,
And live to be revenged on her death.

 $M_3$ 

1758

1762

1764

1765

1769

*i*]71

1772

1776

1799 .

The deepe vexation of his inward soule,
Hath seru'd a dumbe arrest vpon his tongue,
VVho mad that sorrow should his vse controll,
Or keepe him from heart-easing words so long,
Begins to talke, but through his lips do throng
VVeake words, so thick come in his poor harts aid,
That no man could distinguish what he said.

Yet sometime TARQVIN was pronounced plaine,
But through his teeth, as if the name he tore,
This windie tempest, till it blow vp raine,
Held backe his sorrowes tide, to make it more.
At last it raines, and busie windes give ore,
Then sonne and father weep with equals strife,
VVho shuld weep most for daughter or for wife.

The one doth call her his, the other his,
Yet neither may possesse the claime they lay.
The father saies, shee's mine, ô mine shee is
Replies her husband, do not take away
My forrowes interest, let no mourner say
He weepes for her, for shee was onely mine,
And onelie must be way!'d by Colatine.

O, quoth LVCRETIVS, I did give that life VVhich shee to earely and too late hath spil'd. VVoewoe, quoth COLATINE, shee was my wife, I owed her, and tis mine that shee hath kild. My daughter and my wife with clamors fild The disperstaire, who holding Lvcrece life, Answer'd their cries, my daughter and my wife.

BRVTVS who pluck't the knife from LVCRECE side, Seeing such emulation in their woe, Began to cloath his wit in state and pride, Burying in LVCRECE wound his follies show, He with the Romains was esteemed so As seelie ieering idiots are with Kings, For sportiue words, and vttring soolish things.

But now he throwes that shallow habit by,

VVherein deepe pollicie did him disguise,

And arm'd his long hid wits aduisedlie,

To checke the teares in Colatin vs eies.

Thou wronged Lord of Rome, quoth he, arise,

Let my vnsounded selfe supposed a soole,

Now set thy long experienc't wit to schoole.

1800

1804

1806

1807

1811

1813

1814

1818

VVhy COLATINE, is woe the cure for woe?

Do wounds helpe wounds, or griefe helpe greeuous
Is it reuenge to give thy selfe a blow, (deeds?

For his sowle Act, by whom thy faire wise bleeds?

Such childish humor from weake minds proceeds,

Thy wretched wife mistooke the matter so, To slaie her selfe that should have slaine her Foe.

Couragious Romaine, do not steepe thy hart In such relenting dew of Lamentations, But kneele with me and helpe to beare thy part, To rowse our Romaine Gods with inuocations, That they will suffer these abhominations. (Since Rome her self in the doth stand disgraced,) By our strong arms fro forth her fair streets chaced.

Now by the Capitoll that we adore,
And by this chalt bloud so vniustlie stained,
By heavens faire sun that breeds the fat earths store,
By all our countrey rights in Rome maintained,
And by chast L v crece soule that late complained
Her wrongs to vs, and by this bloudie knise,
VVe will revenge the death of this true wise.

This

1821

1325

1827

1828

1832

1834

1835

1839

This fayd, he strooke his hand vpon his breast
And kist the fatall knife to end his vow:
And to his protestation vrg'd the rest,
V Vho wondring at him, did his words allow.
Then ioyntlie to the ground their knees they bow,
And that deepe vow which Brvrvs made before,
He doth againe repeat, and that they swore.

VVhen they had sworne to this aduised doome,
They did conclude to beare dead Lycrece thence,
To shew her bleeding bodic thorough Roome,
And so to publish TARQVINS sowle offence;
VVhich being done, with speedie diligence,
The Romaines plausibly did give consent,
To TARQVINS everlasting banishment.

N

FINIS.

1842

1846

1848

18**4**9

1853